

THE CITY, BY CAPITAL, PER YEAR.	\$3 00
MAIL, ONE YEAR.	3 00
SIX MONTHS.	1 50
THREE MONTHS.	1 00
W. G. ROBERTS.	

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

For local matter see fourth page.

The News.

The glorious news contained in our last dispatches this afternoon, quickens the pulse and sends the blood dancing for joy. The gallant Sherman sends official greeting to the loyal hearts that have so anxiously watched and prayed for his coming. His splendid army emerges at last into the beautiful sunlight of victory and success! Three times three for the lion-hearted commander and the iron men of unconquerable will under his control.

Putting these dispatches altogether, we think the fall of Savannah may be taken for granted, and that the stars and stripes once more float over that important city. The land and naval forces are acting in conjunction, and we shall now have daily reports from that quarter.

Thus has this bold and most daring movement of the war, been triumphantly consummated, and the important fact fully demonstrated that the rebels are powerless to resist much longer. Sherman's unobstructed march through 300 miles of the most desirable country, proves this.

There are other matters of interest in the dispatches, to which we have no time to allude. The great fact that Sherman and his army are safe, overshadows everything else.

Our Neutral Neighbors.

The announcement was made by telegraph yesterday that the Canadian authorities at Montreal, had discharged the St. Albans raiders, and that they immediately left the city for parts unknown. The neutrality of our kind-hearted and disinterested neighbors being thus definitely settled—which means that they intend to remain so very neutral that rebel thieves and murderers are assured of protection and an asylum within their borders—Major General Dix promptly issues a stringent order which is published elsewhere, that will meet the case in part at least. It will be seen that he not only authorizes any man to shoot down such robbers and murderers on the spot, as they would a wolf for a mad dog, but if it be necessary to cross the boundary line into Canada, he justifies that, and explicitly recommends that such persons when captured be not given up, but sent immediately to his headquarters.

This is taking the bull by the horns, and we are glad of it, let the consequences be what they may. If Canada is to become a rendezvous for all the rebel cut-throats that have fled the dominions of Jeff. Davis because they are too cowardly to fight for him and his cause, but who are just brave enough to rob a bank and burn a border village, then the people of these States want to know it at once. The commerce of our people has been swept from the high seas by piratical cruisers, built by British gold and manned by British sailors; and we have seen an English yacht acting as second to the rebel *Alabama* in her fight with the *Kearsarge*, and sheltering her prisoners under the British flag. We have borne in silence many things that have been extremely hard to bear, and have arrived long ago at that ugly point where forbearance ceases to be a virtue. If the Canadian authorities find it more compatible with their interests to lend the rebels all the aid and comfort in their power, rather than to cultivate amicable relations with the existing authorities, it is their privilege so to choose; but they ought to fully understand just precisely what such a position involves. Congress is now in session and it will doubtless adopt some prompt and decisive measures upon the subject.

As for the emphatic order of General Dix, it has the right ring in it, and means business. If the St. Albans affair is repeated, there will not be many prisoners taken.

The action of the rebel Senate on the 6th, on the resolution of Mr. Henry to do away with the exemption of State officials, was quite significant of the jealousy which exists in regard to Jeff. Davis' attempt to extend his power. The resolution was defeated by a vote of seven to six, after Mr. Barnwell had expressed his opinion that "the States had better be left alone," and Mr. Graham had said the matter was one which the States themselves had better consider. Governor Smith of Virginia, goes in for a conscription of the most sweeping character, while Governor Brown of Georgia, holds to exempting the clergy and numerous State officials.

Peter B. Sweeney, a Tammany Hall leader in New York, has brought a suit for \$25,000 against James, and Erasmus Brooks, of the Express of that city, for libel; and Erasmus was arrested on Friday, on a criminal warrant in a similar writ, on Mr. Sweeney's complaint.

The New York *Staats-Zeitung*, the most widely circulated German newspaper published in the United States, and during the late canvass bitterly hostile to the administration, follows the example of the Louisville *Journal* and declares for emancipation.

The number of hogs packed at Chicago up to Saturday was about 400,000 head. The Tribune thinks there will be a short crop. A large proportion of the hogs now arriving are poorly fatted.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* has been raised from one to two cents a copy. At the old rates the publishers paid for the white sheet two and one-third times the amount they received for the printed copy.

Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8.

JANESVILLE, WIS., THURSDAY, DEC. 15, 1864.

NUMBER 246.

State News.

The Madison *Journal* says various improvements are going on at the Capitol, and preparations for the meeting of the Legislature progressing. Both halls of legislation are being repainted, cleaned and tastefully fitted up in all respects. The *Journal* thinks more of the wall, part of which fell the other day, will require to be taken down before it is safe. It is all right so long as it remains frozen, but when a thaw comes it will be apt to prove rather loose.—The Milwaukee Board of Supervisors at their recent meeting raised the salary of the District Attorney from \$2,500 to \$3,000. The salary of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors is \$3,500; the Clerk of Court gets \$4,000 to \$5,000; the Treasurer gets \$5,000; and the Court House in which these well-fed officials perform their duties, the *Sentinel* says is worth perhaps \$500, and thinks it is high time something better was built. In cold weather the old rookery is untenable. A few days ago Judge Smith was compelled to adjourn Court, because it was found impossible to keep warm.—The *Manitowoc Tribune* of the 7th, says boats were still running and the harbor open at that date. The *Sea Bird* intended to run till the 15th. It says more substantial improvements have been made within the last six months in Manitowoc than in twice that length of time previous. The *Tribune* is so bereft in size in consequence of high prices. The *Pilot* says the county board of supervisors of Manitowoc county fixed the salary of the Treasurer at \$1,800 per annum, Clerk of the Board at \$1,500, District Attorney \$300.—The Berlin *Courant* says the thermometer indicated 20 degrees below zero, on the morning of the 8th, in the shade!—The majority for H. G. Webb, Union candidate for Senator in the 9th District, on the home vote, is 1,180, to which the soldiers add some 500 more.—The *La Crosse Republican* and *Fond du Lac Press* have raised the subscription price of their papers to \$2.50 per annum in advance, respectively. Even at this advance, the price of a year's subscription will pay for less wood, flour, meat, butter, groceries, or dry goods, than when the papers were sold for \$1.50 a year.

Senator Howe.

The Green Bay *Advocate* pays the following tribute to Senator Howe:—Senator Howe left Washington the first of last week. It is but justice to say that Senator H. has accomplished more for this section than all the Senators and representatives we have ever had, and is entitled to the gratitude of our people. Besides other things he has been the means of bringing into market all lands heretofore reserved by the Government, which lands can now be taxed, and help support the County, State and Government.

The Governors of Wisconsin.—In a notice of the recent death of Ex-Gov. TALMADGE, the Milwaukee *News* compiles the following list of those who have filled the office of Governor of Wisconsin since its organization as a Territory, with the dates of their appointment or election:

Henry Dodge	April 20, 1836
James Duane Doty	Sept. 25, 1841
W. P. Talmadge	June 25, 1844
Henry Dodge	April 9, 1845
Nelson Dewey	Aug. 1, 1848
Leonard J. Erellson	Jan. 1, 1850
Wm. A. Barstow	Jan. 1, 1854
Coleman B. Russell	Jan. 1, 1856
Alonzo W. Randall	Jan. 1, 1858
Louis P. Harvey	Jan. 1, 1860
Edward Salomon	April 30, 1862
James T. Lewis	Jan. 1, 1864

It will interest old residents to examine the list. Four of the eleven were originally appointed or elected as democrats. Three of the nine survivors voted for Gen. McClellan at the recent election, and the other six supported Lincoln. But four of the nine now living actually reside in the State.

It is rumored that Mr. Fessenden has negotiated another loan of \$35,000,000 with the New York banks, for which 5-20 bonds are to be furnished. It is also stated that agents are to be appointed to sell the 7-30 currency bonds, similar to those which disposed so successfully of the original 5-20 loan. The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice of his readiness to redeem in lawful money, or convert into bonds the old 7-30 Treasury Notes still outstanding, and that the interest will cease on all such notes not presented within three months from this date.

The reported loss of the *Shenandoah* or *Sea King*, Somers' new privateer, off Madeira, which has already been announced, is not regarded as wholly certain in London. It is thought possible that some other vessel may have been mistaken for her. She was built in the Clyde last year, had made one voyage and was insured for \$150,000.

Chief Justice Chase unexpectedly arrived in Washington on Tuesday evening and was unwearied both of his appointment and confirmation as Chief Justice until an hour after his arrival, when a friend had called to congratulate him. His appointment, as sent to Senate, was in the handwriting of the President.

At Chicago, it was resolved that, as the war had been prosecuted for four years and proved a failure, it was time to abandon it altogether. What's sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. As the Democratic party has failed, after four years of continued effort to re-establish itself, why should it not be dissolved and re-nounced without benefit of clergy? If success is the only test of merit, let the Democracy slide.—*Syracuse Journal*.

The Galena *Daily Democrat* is dead. Its first choice for the Presidency was Jeff Davis, its second "Little Mac."

From Nashville.

From the Cincinnati *Gazette*.

THE SITUATION.

There is little to say of the military situation which has not already been said. The rebel army is still in force around the city, and so far as we can see, is likely to remain there. If Hood can obtain a sufficient supply of supplies from Middle Tennessee to sustain his army until the Cumberland river falls, he may then venture to cross into Kentucky. What he expects to do, but what of that? Nobody could tell. But what he expected to do when he first crossed the Tennessee. Nobody can tell what he now expects to accomplish by remaining in front of the city. His apparently objectless operations heretofore have baffled all calculation, and it is not at all safe to predict what he will do.

One of three courses, however, he must unquestionably soon pursue, viz., fight a battle in front of Nashville, pass over into Kentucky, or retreat. The last would be so inglorious a termination of the campaign on the part of Hood, while the second would be so quixotic an undertaking, that many suppose he will remain in front of this city until he feels strong enough to assault us, or we shall march out and attack him. In either case, a desperate conflict and, I fervently trust, a decisive victory for the Union arms, will close the campaign. It is unnecessary to speculate, however, upon that which will in a few weeks be history.

MURFREESBORO.

Murfreesboro is just now an interesting point, lying as it does in the rear of the rebel army, and cut off from communication with both Nashville and Chattanooga. The prayers of the Christian patriot will not cease ascending to Heaven, for the safety of the brave Rousseau and the garrison which holds that important town.

By our last advices from Murfreesboro all was quiet there, and no enemy had ventured to attack the post. It is reported, as of course you know, that Gen. Milroy sallied from the place a couple of days since, attacked a force of the enemy and put them to rout, capturing 240 prisoners and eight pieces of artillery. I confess I don't as yet feel certain that any affair of this kind took place; but it is just like Milroy to pitch into the enemy wherever he can find them, and give them a thrashing after they are found.

CHATTANOOGA, ETC.

We occasionally hear from Chattanooga. Brig. Gen. Francis Mcgheer is in command of the forces there. I think I can safely say that all is yet quiet at that place, and that both Bridgeport and Stevenson are still in our hands.

REBEL RAILROADING.

The rebels are railroadng on a small scale in Tennessee. They captured from us one engine at Huntsville, one at Columbia, and one recently between this city and Murfreesboro. They also took a few cars at each of the places I have named. With the engine taken at Huntsville, they run up and down the Memphis & Charleston railroad, and on the Tennessee & Albany as far at least as Elk river. The locomotive captured at Columbia plies between that town and the rebel camps around Nashville. It seems hard to tell what use they make of the one taken on the Nashville & Chattanooga road, but they keep it going for some purpose; and not long since I heard the sound of its whistle.

A QUAKER DEEMES JUSTICE.

Gen. Schenck's resolution, introduced to-day, making runaways from the draft, who have gone to Canada, aliens, and requiring them to be naturalized before they can again exercise the rights of citizenship, is good but old. Congress will undoubtedly enact the law, but a decision in advance has already been given by competent authority. "There has no right to vote," said a good old Quaker Judge of Election in Warren county, Ohio, to a would-be voter at the late election. "What do you mean?" stormed the astounded devotee of the "Great Unready." "I mean thee is not a voter, thee is not a citizen of this State." "Why, you old fool, I was born in this country, and have lived here all my life, and thee's nobody knows it better than you!" "Thee is mistaken, my friend. Thee was born here, it is true—I knew thy father before thee, and a good man he was; I little thought his son would do such a thing; but thee hasn't lived here all thy life. Thee slipped away about the time of the draft; thee went to Canada, and neither paid thy three hundred dollars, if thee was opposed to fighting, nor took thy market if thee wasn't; but thee became a citizen of a foreign country; and thee can't vote here!" The McClellanite raved, but the Quaker Judge was inflexible. The McClellanite declared there was no law for such a decision, and he would prosecute him; but the Quaker was calm. "Thee may be right about the technical language of the law; I do not pretend to say; but thee went to Canada; and I am clear in my convictions. THEE CAN'T VOTE!" And he didn't. That Quaker was born for a law-maker.

New Advertisements.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!
A large assortment of
CHRISTMAS TOYS!
Fresh Oysters, Smoked Haddock, Green and Dried Fruit, at the Little Woman's, three doors west of the Postoffice.

JUST RECEIVED the following
HOLIDAY BOOKS!
Published by James G. Gregory.

War Pictures, Beautifully Illustrated.
In the Woods, do do
Warrior's Hymn, do do
Christmas Carol, do do
Christmas Poems & Pictures, do do
These are acknowledged to be the finest Gift Books of the season. *dealt by LEAVITT & DEARBORN.*

AUCTION, AUCTION!
\$100,000 Worth of Merchandise
now receiving by
MCKEY & BRO.

purchased within the last 30 days at the Great Closing Importers and Manufacturers sale. All kind of goods are now selling in New York and Boston at auction, embracing

French, English & American Goods.
We purchased largely for cash at these sales, and offer to the public special bargains. Our circular for the week in preparation and will contain the quantities, quality, price, &c. *MCKEY & BRO.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

THE WAR FOR THE UNION!

Hurrah for Gen. Sherman

He is Officially Heard From!

His Army in the Highest Spirits!

Has met with Splendid Success

Is in Com'n with Naval Forces!

Savannah Probably Captured

Three Times Three for the Boys in Blue

AN ORDER FROM GEN'L DIX!

Exciting Proposition in Congress

FROM SHERMAN'S EXPEDITION.

New York, Dec. 14.—The following dispatch has been received at the War Department:

Hilton Head, Dec. 12.—Major General Halleck, Washington—Gen. Capt. Duncan, of Gen. Howard's scouts, has just come in from Gen. Howard, having defeated the Ogeechee river in small boats. He left our army on the evening of the 9th Gen. Sherman's whole army was then within ten miles of Savannah, advancing to attack the enemy's works five miles from the city, which were probably attacked yesterday, as heavy firing was heard in that direction.

Capt. Duncan reports the army to be in the best of spirits possible and most excellent condition. Very little opposition had been met with on the march. The enemy could not tell what route was to be taken. The army lived off the country, and had accumulated a considerable number of horses and cattle. The army is well supplied. The following is a copy of a dispatch brought by Capt. Duncan:

To the Commander of the U. S. naval forces in the vicinity of Savannah:

Sir: We have met with perfect success thus far. The troops are in fine spirits, and near by.

C. Howard, Maj. Gen.
Commanding right wing of the army.

Another dispatch brought by Capt. Duncan, is directed to the signal officer of the fleet, from Howard's chief signal officer. It requests a good lookout to be kept for signals.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
J. G. FOSTER, Maj. Gen.

New York, Dec. 15.—The following was received last night from Port Royal Harbor via Fortress Monroe.—To G. W. Bates, Sec'y of Navy.—I have just received a communication from Sherman's army. He is a few miles from Savannah and in fine spirits. I shall bring all my available forces into connection with the army. A dispatch is forwarded with this.

Yours, very respectfully,
A. DAHLGREN, Rear Admiral.

A bearer of dispatches from Dahlgren arrived here this morning with the following important dispatches from the Secretary of Navy:

Flag STEAMER PHILADELPHIA, PORT ROYAL, Dec. 15.—To the Hon. Gideon Welles, Sec'y of Navy.—Sir: It is my honor to apprise the Department that Gen. Sherman with his army is near Savannah and I am in communication with him. In view of his probable arrival, I had stationed steamers at different points, and had come down from Telegraph yesterday in order to be at hand. I had not to wait many hours. This morning about 5 o'clock the *Danclon* arrived with Captain Duncan and two scouts, Sergeant Myers, J. Emmick and George W. Quimby, bearing the following line from Gen. Sherman.

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OF TENNESSEE, NEAR SAVANNAH CANAL, GA.—To the Commander of the U. S. Naval forces near Savannah.—Sir: We have met with perfect success thus far. Troops in fine spirits and near by. (Signed.) Respectfully, ED. HOWARD, Major General.

Captain Duncan says our troops were in conflict with the rebels a few miles west of Savannah. He states that Sherman's army is not in want of anything.

Perhaps no event could give greater satisfaction to the country than that I announce, and I beg to congratulate the Government on its occurrence. I cannot refrain from expressing the hope that the Department will commend Capt. Duncan and his companions to the Hon. Secretary of War for some mark of appreciation for their success in establishing communication between Gen. Sherman and the fleet. It was an enterprise that required both skill and courage.

J. A. DAHLGREN, Rear Adm'l.

New York, Dec. 15.—The following extract from a letter from Gen. Sherman, written before he started upon his march, shows not only that he reached the point at which he aimed but accomplished the difficult work some twelve or fourteen days earlier than he expected:

Kinston, Ga., Nov. 3d.—To Captain Penning, U. S. Navy, *Monroe City*.—In a few days I will be off for salt water, and hope to meet my old friend D. D. Porter again. Will you be kind enough to write and tell him to look out for me about Christmas from Hilton Head to Savannah.

W. T. SHERMAN, Maj. Gen.
That Sherman had captured Savannah before the steamer which brought the above dispatch, had fairly got out of Port Royal, is probable, from the fact that the messenger who reached here this morning, says that when coming out of the harbor and when too late to communicate with signals, the whole fleet began to fire salutes and vessels were being pally decorated with flags in honor of some great victory. The opinion prevailed on board the steamer, that since she left the wharf, news had reached the Admiral of the fall of Savannah.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—The *Evening Telegraph* has just received the following special:
WASHINGTON, December 15.—Another scout has just arrived from Sherman's army with dispatches to the President. He reports Savannah captured on the 10th instant.

FROM THE SOUTH.

New York, December 15.—The Richmond *Sentinel* of the 12th says General Longstreet on Saturday morning made a reconnaissance on the Darbytown and Williamsburg roads for the purpose of discovering the strength and position of the enemy. The reconnaissance was satisfactorily accomplished, and General Longstreet now re-occupies his old position. One loss was one man killed and several wounded. A number of the enemy's pickets were captured and some killed and wounded.

General Lee makes the following report concerning Warren's expedition:
HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, Dec. 10.—Hon. Jas. Sidden, Secretary of War.—About noon, yesterday the 1st division of the 2d corps of the enemy supporting the cavalry, forced back our cavalry pickets on the Vaughan road south of the Appomattox and advanced towards Dinwiddie Court House. To-day our cavalry, re-inforced by infantry, drove them back across Hatcher's Run, capturing a few prisoners and re-establishing our lines. (Signed.) R. E. LEE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The following resolution was offered by Mr. Chandler: **Whereas**, At the commencement of the present rebellion the United States were at peace with all the governments of the world and on terms of comity and good will with Great Britain, and, Whereas, that nation before the arrival on her soil of our minister accredited by the administration of President Lincoln precipitately acknowledged the rebels as belligerents, thus recognizing their flag upon the ocean, without which recognition it would not have been regarded and treated as piratical by all other powers, and, Whereas, she then proclaimed perfect neutrality between a republic with which she had entertained friendly relations for upwards of half a century and its treasonable subjects, and, Whereas, numbers of her subjects with the full knowledge of her subjects commenced fitting out fast sailing vessels loaded with munitions of war for the purpose of running into our blockaded ports for the rebels, thus furnishing them the means of organizing and conquering the rebellion, and without which it could not have sustained itself for six months, and, Whereas, in addition to the above and with the knowledge of the Government, British subjects and members of Parliament engaged in the manufacture of piratical English ships, owned by British subjects, manned by British seamen, and sailing under British colors, for the purpose of burning, destroying, and utterly driving from the ocean all peaceful vessels sailing under the United States flag, and, Whereas, many private and unarmed merchant ships have been burned and destroyed by these pirates from English ports, thus causing great loss and damage to the citizens of the United States, therefore,

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be instructed to make out a list of each cargo thus destroyed, with fair valuation and interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, from date of capture or destruction, to date of presentation and that he be directed to demand from the British Government, pay in full for all ships or cargoes destroyed as aforesaid.

Johnson objected to the resolution which he over.

Mr. Doolittle wished to have the resolution in relation to taxation, offered by him on Monday, taken from the table and referred to the Committee on Finance.

FROM NEW YORK.
General Order No. 95.
HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK CITY, Dec. 14.—Information having been received at these headquarters that the rebel marauders who were guilty of murder and robbery at St. Albans, have been discharged from arrest, and that other enterprises are actually in preparation in Canada; the Commander in Chief deems it due to the people of the frontier towns to adopt the most prompt and efficient measures for the security of their lives and property. All military commanders in the frontier are therefore instructed in case further acts of depredation and murder are attempted, whether by marauders or persons actually under commission from the rebel authorities at Richmond, to shoot down the perpetrators if possible while in the commission of the crimes, or if it be necessary with a view to their capture to cross the boundary between the United States and Canada; said commanders are hereby directed to pursue them wherever they may take refuge, and if captured, they are under no circumstances to be surrendered, but are to be sent to these headquarters for trial and punishment by martial law.

The Major General commanding in this department will not hesitate to exercise to the fullest extent the authority he possesses under the rules of law recognized by all civilized States, in regard to persons or governing hostile expeditions within neutral territory, and fleeing to it for an asylum. After committing acts of depredation within our own such an exercise of authority having become indispensable to protect our cities and towns from incendiaries, and our people from robbery and murder. It is earnestly hoped that the inhabitants of our frontier districts will abstain from all acts of retaliation on account of the outrages committed by rebel marauders, and that the proper measures of redress will be left to the action of the public authorities.

By command of MAJ. GEN. DIX,
B. L. VAN BUREN, Col. and A. G.
New York, December 14.—Gold has been stronger during the morning under the manipulation of the bulls. Prices opened at \$233½ and steadily advanced to 253½. Subsequently large amounts of cash in gold were put on the market and the price fell to \$234½.

THE BORDER RAIDERS.

New York, Wednesday, Dec. 14.—There is much excitement to-day on the release of the St. Albans raiders, which is the chief subject of conversation in all public places. All the daily papers have editorial comments on the affair. The *Herald* says if anything of this kind should occur again, it may lead to serious complications between this country and Great Britain. If this is the law we are to expect from the English Bench in Canada, the American people will have to take care of their border in future, and protect it by stringent means.

The *Tribune* says the Administration at Washington may now, perhaps, inquire of England whether she justifies this conduct of one of her Judges, and whether it is to rest on the ground that these were acts of belligerents, and if she means to permit war to be waged on us from her territory, and by men amenable to her laws.

The Post says two courses are alone left us: First, to demand from the Canadian Government such police of the Canadian border, as will secure our villages from descents of rascals under the name of rebels, and in the event that this is not promised, take the mode and measures of redress into our own hands.

Toronto, Dec. 15.—The discharge of the St. Albans raiders, surprised members of the government, and the ground of discharge was pronounced ridiculous. The magistrate is likely to be severely dealt with. A new warrant is issued by the Judge of the Superior Court for the arrest of the raiders, and constables are in pursuit. An efficient military force will be sent to the border towns immediately to prevent further depredations.

Montreal, Dec. 16.—The conduct of Judges Conrad and Lamont, the Chief Justice, is denounced. The latter is accused of complicity. An investigation is going on. It is thought Lamont will be dismissed.

THE WAR IN TENNESSEE.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—Acting Rear Admiral Lee reports to the Navy Department under date of December 8th, that Lieut. Commander Fitch defeated and drove the left wing of Hood's army on the Cumberland River on the 4th inst., with heavy loss to the rebels, including several prominent officers. He also re-captured two transports from the enemy. No casualties are reported on our side.

FROM WASHINGTON.

New York, Dec. 14.—The *Commercial* Washington special says Gen. Banks has had his headquarters extended so as to write out his report of the Red river expedition here, instead of in New Orleans.

The release of the St. Albans raiders by the Toronto Justice, causes much excitement here. There is no doubt now, that Congress will request the President to give notice of the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty.

TRAVELERS INSURANCE CO.

HARTFORD, CONN.,
INSURES AGAINST
ACCIDENTS!
OF
Every Description.

Capital, - - - \$100,000.

Five Dollars Annual Premium
Will insure \$5,000 against accidental loss of life while traveling by any public conveyance.

Ten Dollars Premium
Secures a policy for \$5,000, and also \$25 per week compensation for personal injury incapacitating the insured from his ordinary business.

Twenty-Five Dollars Premium
Secures a full policy for \$5,000 and \$25 per week compensation for all and every description of accident, traveling or otherwise.

Policies for \$500, with \$5 per week compensation, can be had for \$3 per annum, or any other sum between \$500 and \$5,000 at proportionate rates.

RODNEY DENNIS, JAMES G. BATTISON, Secretaries.

HENRY A. DYER, General Agent.

E. L. DIMOCK, Local Agent.

Insurance.

THE OLD AND POPULAR

CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF HARTFORD CONN.
ORGANIZED A. D. 1860.
CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Assets over One Million.

N. S. PALMER, Vice President.

J. C. WALKLEY, President.

H. H. WHITE, Secretary.

S. PALMER & FREDWAY, General Agents for New York.

Office in Eric's Block, Madison, Wis.

This is one of the oldest, safest, and most successful Life Insurance Companies in the United States, and offers advantages not equalled, and in some respects not equaled by any other.

Special care in the selection of its risks, strict economy, and a safe and judicious investment of its funds, secure for the policyholder the maximum of this company.

Dividends (of

Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 8.

JANESVILLE, WIS., THURSDAY, DEC. 15, 1864.

NUMBER 246.

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Senator Howe.

The Green Bay Advocate pays the following tribute to Senator Howe:—Senator Howe left Washington the first of last week. It is but justice to say that Senator H. has accomplished more for this section than all the Senators and representatives we have ever had, and is entitled to the gratitude of our people. Besides other things he has been the means of bringing into market all lands heretofore reserved by the Government, which lands can now be taxed, and help support the County, State and Government.

THE GOVERNORS OF WISCONSIN.—In a notice of the recent death of Ex-Gov. TALMADGE, the Milwaukee News compiles the following list of those who have filled the office of Governor of Wisconsin since its organization as a Territory, with the dates of their appointment or election:—
Henry Dodge, April 20, 1836
James Duane Doty, Sept. 3, 1841
N. P. Tallmadge, April 9, 1845
Levi Woodbury, April 9, 1845
Leonard J. Farwell, Aug. 1, 1848
William A. Barstow, Jan. 1, 1851
Col. Bashford, Jan. 1, 1854
Alex. W. Randall, Jan. 1, 1857
Louis F. Harris, Jan. 1, 1859
Edward T. Brewster, April 20, 1862
James B. Lewis, Jan. 1, 1864.

It will interest old residents to examine the list. Four of the eleven were originally appointed or elected as Democrats. Three of the nine survivors voted for Gen. McClellan at the recent election, and the other six supported Lincoln. But four of the nine now living actually reside in the State.
It is rumored that Mr. Fessenden has negotiated another loan of \$35,000,000 with the New York banks, for which 5-20 bonds are to be furnished. It is also stated that agents are to be appointed to sell the 7-30 currency bonds, similar to those which disposed so successfully of the original 5-20 loan. The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice of his readiness to redeem in lawful money, or convert into bonds the old 7-30 Treasury Notes still outstanding, and that the interest will cease on all such notes not presented within three months from this date.

The reported loss of the *Shenandoah* or *Sea King*, Semmes' new privateer, off Madeira, which has already been announced, is not regarded as wholly certain in London. It is thought possible that some other vessel may have been mistaken for her. She was built in the Clyde last year, had made one voyage and was insured for \$150,000.

Chief Justice Chase unexpectedly arrived in Washington on Tuesday evening and was unwelcome both to his appointment and confirmation as Chief Justice until an hour after his arrival, when a friend had called to congratulate him. His appointment, as sent to Senate, was in the handwriting of the President.

At Chicago, it was resolved that, as the war had been prosecuted for four years and proved a failure, it was time to abandon it altogether. What's sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. As the Democratic party has failed, after four years of continued effort to re-establish itself, why should it not be dissolved and re-nounced without benefit of clergy? If success is the only test of merit, let the Democracy slide.—*Syracuse Journal*.

The *Galena Daily Democrat* is dead. Its first choice for the Presidency was Jeff Davis, its second "Little Mac."

From Nashville.

There is little to say of the military situation which has not already been said. The rebel army is still in force around the city, and so far as we can see, is likely to remain there. If Hood can obtain a sufficiency of supplies from Middle Tennessee to sustain his army until the Cumberland river falls, he may then venture to cross into Kentucky. What he expects to do, but what of that? Nobody could tell. But what of that? Nobody could tell what he expected to do when he first crossed the Tennessee. Nobody can tell what he now expects to accomplish by remaining in front of the city. His apparently objectless operations here have baffled all calculation, and it is not at all safe to predict what he will do.
One of three courses, however, he must unquestionably soon pursue, viz., fight a battle in front of Nashville, pass over into Kentucky, or retreat. The last would be so inglorious a termination of the campaign on the part of Hood, while the second would be so quixotic an undertaking, that many suppose he will remain in front of this city until he feels strong enough to assault us, or we shall march out and attack him. In either case, a desperate conflict and, I fervently trust, a decisive victory for the Union arms, will close the campaign. It is unnecessary to speculate, however, upon that which will in a few weeks be history.

MURFREESBORO.

Murfreesboro is just now an interesting point, lying as it does in the rear of the rebel army, and cut off from communication with both Nashville and Chattanooga. The prayers of the Christian patriot will not cease ascending to Heaven, for the safety of the brave Rousseau and the garrison which holds that important town.
By our last advices from Murfreesboro all was quiet there, and no enemy had ventured to attack the post. It is reported, as of course you know, that Gen. Milroy sallied from the place a couple of days since, attacked a force of the enemy and put them to rout, capturing 240 prisoners and eight pieces of artillery. I confess I don't as yet feel certain that any affair of this kind took place; but it is just like Milroy to pitch into the enemy wherever he can find them, and give them a thrashing after they are found.

CHATTANOOGA, ETC.

We occasionally hear from Chattanooga. Brig. Gen. Francis Meagher is in command of the forces there. I think I can safely say that all is yet quiet at that place, and that both Bridgeport and Stevenson are still in our hands.

REBEL RAILROADING.

The rebels are railroading on a small scale in Tennessee. They captured from us one engine at Huntsville, one at Columbia, and one recently between this city and Murfreesboro. They also took a few cars at each of the places I have named. With the engine taken at Memphis & Charleston railroad, and on the Tennessee & Albany as far as at least as Elk River. The locomotive captured at Columbia plies between that town and the rebel camps around Nashville. It seems hard to tell what use they make of the one taken on the Nashville & Chattanooga road, but they keep it going for some purpose, and not long since I heard the sound of its whistle.

A QUAKER DECRIES JUSTICE.

Gen. Sobolev's resolution, introduced to-day, making runaway from the draft, who have gone to Canada, aliens, and requiring them to be naturalized before they can again exercise the rights of citizenship, is good but old. Congress will undoubtedly enact the law, but a decision in advance has already been given by competent authority.
"There has no right to vote," said a good old Quaker Judge of Election in Warren county, Ohio, to a would-be voter at the late election. "What do you mean?" "Great Unruly." "I mean there is not a voter, there is not a citizen of this State." "Why, you old fool, I was born in this country, and have lived here all my life, and there's nobody knows it better than you." "That is mistaken, my friend. These men born here, it is true—I knew thy father before thee, and a good man he was; I little thought his son would do such a thing; but these hasn't lived here all their life. They slipped away about the time of the draft; they went to Canada, and neither paid thy three hundred dollars, if they were opposed to fighting, nor took thy musket if they weren't; but they became a citizen of a foreign country; and these can't vote here."

The McClellanite raved, but the Quaker Judge was inflexible. The McClellanite declared there was no law for such a decision, and he would not prosecute him; but the Quaker was calm. "They may be right about the technical language of the law; I do not pretend to say; but they went to Canada, and I am clear in my convictions. THESE CAN'T VOTE!" And he didn't. That Quaker was born for a law-maker.

New Advertisements.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!
A large assortment of
CHRISTMAS TOYS!
Toys, Caskets, Sewing Machines, Green and Dried
nuts, of the Little Wagon, & three dolls, west of the
Postoffice.

JUST RECEIVED the following
HOLIDAY BOOKS!
Published by James G. Gregory.
War Pictures, Beautifully Illustrated.
In the Woods, do do do
Forest Hymns, do do do
Christmas Carol, do do do
Christmas Poems & Pictures
These are acknowledged to be the best. Six books
of the season. de clatit HEATY DEARBORN.

AUCTION, AUCTION!
\$100,000 Worth of Merchandise
now receiving by
MOCKEY & BRO.
purchased within the last 30 days at the Great Clothing
Importers and Manufacturers sale. All kind of goods,
are now selling in New York and Boston at auction,
embracing

French, English & American Goods.

We purchased largely for cash at these sales, and
offer to the public special bargains. Our circular for
December is in preparation and will contain the quan-
tity, quality, price, etc. MOCKEY & BRO.
de clatit

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

THE WAR FOR THE UNION!

Hurrah for Gen. Sherman!

He is Officially Heard From!

His Army in the Highest Spirits!

Has met with Splendid Success!

Is in Com'n with Naval Forces!

Savannah Probably Captured!

Three Times Three for the Boys in Blue!

AN ORDER FROM GEN'L DIX!

Exciting Proposition in Congress

FROM SHERMAN'S EXPEDITION.

New York, Dec. 14.—The following dispatch has been received at the War Department:
HILTON HEAD, Dec. 12.—Major General Halleck, Washington.—Gen. Capt. Duncan, of Gen. Howard's army, has just come in from Gen. Howard, having de-
fended the Ogeechee river in small boats. He left our camp on the evening of the 9th. Gen. Sherman's whole army was then within ten miles of Savannah, advancing to attack the enemy's works five miles from the city, which were probably at-
tacked yesterday, as heavy firing was heard in that direction.
Capt. Duncan reports the army to be in the best of spirits possible and most excellent condition. Very little opposition had been met with on the march. The enemy could not tell what route was to be taken. The army lived off the country, and had accumulated a considerable number of horses and cattle. The army is well supplied. The following is a copy of a dispatch brought by Capt. Duncan:
HILTON HEAD, S. C., Dec. 12, 1864.
To the Commander of the U. S. naval forces in the vicinity of Savannah:
Sir: We have met with perfect success thus far. The troops are in fine spirits, and near by.
Respectfully,
O. C. HOWARD, Maj. Gen.
Commanding right wing of the army.
Another dispatch brought by Capt. Duncan, is directed to the signal officer of the post, from Howard's chief signal officer. It requests a good lookout to be kept for signals.
I have the honor to be, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. G. FOSTER, Maj. Gen.
New York, Dec. 15.—The following was received last night from Port Royal Harbor via Fortress Monroe.—To G. Waller, Sec'y of Navy.—I have just received a communication from Sherman's army. He is a few miles from Savannah and in fine spirits. I shall bring all my available forces into connection with the army. A dispatch is forwarded with this.
Yours, very respectfully,
A. DAHLGREN, Rear Admiral.
A bearer of dispatches from the following important dispatches from the Secretary of Navy.
FLORIDA STRANDED PHILADELPHIA, PORT ROYAL, Dec. 15.—To the Hon. Gideon Welles, Sec'y of Navy.—Sir: It is my happiness to apprise the Department that Gen. Sherman with his army is near Savannah and I am in communication with him. In view of his probable arrival, I had stationed steamers at different points, and had come down from Telegraphy yesterday in order to be at hand. I had not to wait many hours. This morning about 8 o'clock the *Donation* arrived with Captain Duncan and two sons, Sergeant Myers, J. Emick and George W. Quimby, bearing the following line from Gen. Sherman.
HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OF TENNESSEE NEAR SAVANNAH, GA.—To the Commander of the U. S. Naval forces near Savannah.
Sir: We have had perfect success thus far. Troops in fine spirits and near by. (Signed).
Respectfully, ED. HOWARD,
Major General.
Captain Duncan says our troops were in conflict with the rebels a few miles out of Savannah. He states that Sherman's army is not in want of anything.
Perhaps no event could give greater satisfaction to the country than that I announce, and I beg to congratulate the Government on its occurrence. I cannot refrain from expressing the hope that the Department will commend Capt. Duncan and his companions to the Hon. Secretary of War for some mark of approbation for their success in establishing communication between Gen. Sherman and the fleet. It was an enterprise that required both skill and courage.
J. A. DAHLGREN, Rear Admiral.
New York, Dec. 15.—The following extract from a letter from Gen. Sherman, written before he started upon his march, shows not only that he reached the point at which he aimed but accomplished the difficult work some twelve or fourteen days earlier than he expected.
KINGSBURY, Ga., Nov. 34.—To Captain Pennington, U. S. Navy, Mount City.—In a few days I will be off for salt water, and hope to meet my old friend D. D. Porter again. Will you be kind enough to write and tell him to look out for me about Christmas from Hilton Head to Savannah.
W. T. SHERMAN, Maj. Gen.
That Sherman had captured Savannah before the steamer which brought the above dispatch, had fairly got out of Port Royal, is probable, from the fact that the messenger who reached here this morning, says that when coming out of the harbor and when too late to communicate with signals, the whole fleet began to fire at the rebel works, and being gaily decked out with flags in honor of some great victory. The opinion prevailed on board the steamer, that since she left the wharf, news had reached the Admiral of the fall of Savannah.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—The *Evening Telegraph* has just received the following special:
WASHINGTON, December 15.—Another scout has just arrived from Sherman's army with dispatches to the President. He reports Savannah captured on the 15th instant.

FROM THE SOUTH.

New York, December 15.—The *Richmond Sentinel* of the 12th says General Longstreet on Saturday morning made a reconnaissance on the Darbytown and Williamsburg roads for the purpose of discovering the strength and position of the enemy. The reconnaissance was satisfactory, and General Longstreet now re-occupies his old position. Our loss was one man killed and several wounded. Number of the enemy's pickets were captured and some killed and wounded.
General Lee makes the following report concerning Warren's expedition:
HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, Dec. 10.—Hon. Jas. S. Sidden, Secretary of War.—About noon, yesterday the 1st division of the 2d corps of the enemy supporting the cavalry, forced back our cavalry pickets on the Vaughan road south of the Appomattox and advanced towards Dinwiddie Court House. To-day our cavalry, reinforced by infantry, drove them back across Hatcher's Run, capturing a few prisoners and re-establishing our lines. (Signed). R. E. LEE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The following resolution was offered by Mr. Chandler: WHEREAS, At the commencement of the present rebellion the United States were at peace with all the governments of the world and on terms of amity and good will with Great Britain, and Whereas, that nation before the arrival on her soil of our minister accredited by the administration of President Lincoln presumptuously acknowledged the rebel Government, thus recognizing it as a belligerent, and which recognition it would have been regarded and treated as piratical by all other powers, and Whereas, she then proclaimed perfect neutrality between a republic with which she had entertained friendly relations for upwards of half a century and its treasonable subjects, and Whereas, numbers of her subjects with the full knowledge of her subjects commenced fitting out fast sailing vessels loaded with munitions of war for the purpose of running into our blockaded ports for the rebels, thus furnishing them the means of organizing and conquering the rebellion, and without which it could not have sustained itself for six months, and Whereas, in addition to the above and with the knowledge of the Government, British subjects and members of Parliament engaged in the manufacture of piratical English ships, owned by British subjects, manned by British seamen, and sailing under British colors, for the purpose of burning, destroying and utterly deriding from the ocean all peaceful vessels sailing under the United States flag, and Whereas, many private and unarmed merchant ships have been burned and destroyed by these pirates from English ports, thus causing great loss and damage to the citizens of the United States, therefore,
Resolved, That the Secretary of State be instructed to make out a list of each cargo thus destroyed, with fair valuation and interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, from date of capture or destruction, to date of redemption, and that he be directed to demand from the British Government, pay in full for all ships or cargoes destroyed as aforesaid.
Johnson objected to the resolution which lies over.
Mr. Doellittle wished to have the resolution in relation to taxation, offered by him on Monday, taken from the table and referred to the Committee on Finance.

FROM NEW YORK.

General Order No. 95.
HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK CITY, Dec. 14.—Information having been received at these headquarters that the rebel marauders who were guilty of murder and robbery at St. Albans, have been discharged from arrest, and that other enterprises are actually in preparation in Canada; the Commanding General deems it due to the people of the frontier towns to adopt the most prompt and efficient measures for the security of their lives and property. All military commanders in the frontier are therefore instructed in case further acts of depredation and murder are attempted, whether by marauders or persons actually under commission from the rebel authorities, if possible while in the commission of the crimes, or if it be necessary, with a view to their capture to cross the boundary between the United States and Canada; said commanders are hereby directed to pursue them wherever they may take refuge, and if captured, they are under no circumstances to be surrendered, but are to be sent to these headquarters for trial and punishment by martial law.
The Major General commanding in this department will not hesitate to exercise to the fullest extent the authority he possesses under the rules of law recognized by all civilized States, in regard to persons organizing hostile expeditions within neutral territory, and desiring to do so in an asylum within our own such exercise of authority having become indispensable to protect our cities and towns from incursions, and our people from robbery and murder. It is earnestly hoped that the inhabitants of our frontier districts will abstain from all acts of retaliation on account of the outrages committed by rebel marauders, and that the proper measures of redress will be left to the action of the public authorities.

By command of MAJ. GEN. DIX.
D. L. VAN BUREN, Col. and A. G.
New York, December 14.—Old has been stronger during the morning under the manipulation of the bulls. Price opened at \$23.50 and steadily advanced to \$25.35. Subsequently large amounts of cash in gold were put on the market and the price fell to \$24.45.

THE BORDER RAIDERS.

New York, Wednesday, Dec. 14.—There is much excitement to-day on the release of the St. Albans raiders, which is the chief subject of conversation in all public circles. All the daily papers have editorial comments on the affair. The *Herald* says if anything of this kind should occur again, it may lead to serious complications between this country and Great Britain. If this is the law we are to expect from the English Bench in Canada, the American people will have to take care of their own border in future, and protect it by stringent means.
The *Tribune* says the Administration at Washington may now, perhaps, inquire of England whether she justifies this conduct of one of her Judges, and whether it is to rest on the ground that these were acts of belligerents, and if she means to permit war to be waged on to her territory, and by men amenable to her laws.

The Post says two courses are alone left us: First, to demand from the Imperial Government such police of the Canadian border, as will secure our villages from descents of rascals under the name of rebels, and in the event that this is not promised, take the mode and measures of redress into our own hands.
Toronto, Dec. 15.—The discharge of the St. Albans raiders, surprised members of the government, and the ground of discharge was pronounced ridiculous. The magistrate is likely to be severely dealt with. A new warrant is issued by the Judge of the Superior Court for the arrest of the raiders, and constables are in pursuit. An efficient military force will be sent to the border towns immediately to prevent further depredations.
Montreal, Dec. 15.—The conduct of Judges Conrad and Lamont the Chief Justice, is denounced. The latter is accused of complicity. An investigation is going on. It is thought Lamont will be dismissed.

THE WAR IN TENNESSEE.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—Acting Rear Admiral Lee reports to the Navy Department under date of December 8th, that Lieut. Commander Fitel defeated and drove the left wing of Hood's army on the Cumberland River on the 4th inst., with heavy loss to the rebels, including several prominent officers. He also re-captured two transports from the enemy. No casualties are reported on our side.
New York, Dec. 14.—The *Commercial* Washington special says Gen. Banks has had his furlough extended so as to write out his report of the Red river expedition here, instead of in New Orleans.
The release of the St. Albans raiders by the Toronto Justice, causes much excitement here. There is no doubt now, that Congress will request the President to give notice of the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty.

TRAVELERS INSURANCE CO.

HARTFORD, CONN.,
INSURANCE AGAINST
ACCIDENTS!
OF
Every Description.
Capital, - - - \$400,000.
Five Dollars Annual Premium
Ten Dollars Premium
Twenty-Five Dollars Premium
Will insure \$5,000 against accidental loss of life while traveling by any public conveyance.
Secure a policy for \$5.00, and also \$5 per week compensation for all and every description of accident, traveling or otherwise.
Policy for \$5.00, with \$5 per week compensation, can be had for \$3 per annum, or any other sum between \$500 and \$5,000 at proportionate rates.
RODNEY DENNIS, JAMES G. BATHURST, Sec'y and Treas.
HENRY A. DYER, General Agent.
E. L. DIMOCK, Local Agent.
de clatit Jan 25/65

Insurance.

THE OLD AND POPULAR

CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF HARTFORD CONN.
ORGANIZED A. D. 1850.
Assets over One Million.
N. S. PALMER, President.
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SPENCER & FREDWAY,
General Agents for New York.
Office in Fox's Block, Madison, Wis.

This is one of the oldest, safest, and most successful Life Insurance Companies in the United States, and offers advantages to policy holders in all cases not equalled by any other.

Special care in the selection of its risks, strict economy in the payment of its claims, and the fact that it is charitably organized, are the management of this company.

Dividends of 20 per cent, declared and paid annually to each policy holder, and 25 per cent, to those members (paying in part by premium note, and every three years the reserve interest will be mutually divided).

The tables of mortality exhibit great prudence in the selection of lives, making with the lowest in the country.

Cautious, conservative and safe, it is in the advance in the recent years of a progressive benevolent in policy.

Issues in all the various forms, of whole life, short term, endowment, annuity, &c.

ENDOWMENT PLAN.

Whereby the advantages of life insurance are combined with those of a savings bank. By this mode, a policy is made payable to the insured on his attaining a given age, or should he die previous to that age, to his representative at his death. This making provision for old age, and affording protection to a family in the event of death.—This plan of insurance is becoming universally popular, and is rapidly superseding the old plan of life insurance.

It is a safe and judicious investment of the individual's money, and the best business plan in the world, for those who have taken out policies under it, as it is a non-forfeiture policy, and a particular attention.

Dividends of 10 to 15 per cent, showing a home security of \$100 for every \$100 of liabilities.

Good agents and canvassers wanted throughout the West, and all information fully imparted. Send name and address to the nearest office.

SPENCER & FREDWAY,
General Agents for N. W. Agency.
S. FORD, Jr.,
de clatit Jan 25/65

CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK

COVINTY.—The State of Wisconsin to Louis R. B. de clatit.

That you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of R. B. de clatit in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Rock County, at the city of Janesville, in said county; and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the undersigned at his office in said city, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and from fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will move the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

CHAS. G. WILLIAMS,
Plaintiff.
R. B. de clatit, Attorney.
de clatit Jan 25/65

FRESH BALTIMORE OYSTERS.

Received daily by express at Janesville, Wis.
de clatit Jan 25/65

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE is now the largest paper printed in the State, and having the matter published in the Daily, it is the most complete and reliable source of information in Wisconsin. In correct political doctrine, in reliable market reports, in giving the latest news from all quarters, in literary merit and in local information relating to this city and county, we shall strive to make the WEEKLY GAZETTE worthy of public patronage and support.

Cookery & Cattery.

BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

House Furnishing Goods

AND

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

WHEELOCK'S.

Nearly all put on a

GOLD BASIS OF 32 PER CENT.

To reduce the largest stock. Fine gold band Tea Sets, 25 pieces from \$15 to \$25. Gold band French China Dinner sets; gold band Fruit Dishes and Cake Baskets; 24 gold band Picnic Baskets, Covered Dishes, Platters, Pickers, Sauce Plates, Cake Plates, Coffee, Teas, after dinner Coffee, &c.

AT LESS THAN NEW YORK PRICES.

Splendid Decorated Spoons, Canisters, Cups and Saucers, with notions. The Largest and finest assortment of

China, Parian, Lava, Glass

and Porcelain Vases, from 25 cts. to \$10, a most beautiful assortment for the mantle or table. A fine pair of Vases for \$4, that could not be bought in New York at wholesale for less than \$6. A good assortment of

Cake Baskets & Card Receivers

of China, Parian, Lava, Bohemian Glass and Melville Ware. All kinds of Cologne Bottles, from 25 cts. each to \$5 a pair. Elegant Powder Boxes, a large variety of China Boxes for ladies, and trunks from 25 cts. to \$10. A large assortment of

TOYS.

consisting in part of Dolls, Doll Heads, Bells, Vases, Whistles, Mugs, Tea, Dinner and Toilet Sets, in Boxes; Figures, Snobs, Dancers, Animals, toy Figures, Candelabras, Hairpins, Black Boxes, Money Boxes, Cups and Saucers, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c. Children's Sets for use, or Knives and Forks, and Knife Fork and Spoon; also French China Tea Sets, 24 pieces, for \$15; old pieces of the same to match. Glass, Sugar, Creamer, Butter and Spoon Holders for \$2.50.

A thing of Beauty is a joy Forever.

What more beautiful present could you make than a set of gold and China and a pair of elegant Vases? One furnishes the table, the other the whole room.

A large assortment of

PLATED WARE!

Spoons, Forks, Cutlery, of all kinds; cake Baskets, Berry Dishes, Salts, Nut Knives, Bell Plated Table Knives, Butter Knives, Sugar Shells, Pickers, Ladles, Pie, Cakes and Fruit Knives, Gold Plated Egg Spoons.

NAPKIN RINGS, & C.

Of Rogers, Best Plate on white metal, Pearl Ivory and Bone Handle Nut Knives, Ivory handled Desert and Table Knives, Carvers, Forks and Steels. Also the new Shell Belated Carvers, with or without Forks. A lovely stock of

STONE CHINA WARE,

Bird Cages, Dancers, Table Mints, Korosene Lamps, Pocket Lighters, Rogers & Sons English Shears, &c.

CALL & EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

de clatit Jan 25/65

WHEELOCK.

Janesville, Dec. 1, 1864.

de clatit Jan 25/65

de clatit Jan 25/65

de clatit Jan 25/65

